Pt. 46

PART 46—SWAP DATA RECORD-KEEPING AND REPORTING RE-QUIREMENTS: PRE-ENACTMENT AND TRANSITION SWAPS

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APPENDIX 1 TO PART 46—TABLES OF MINIMUM PRIMARY ECONOMIC TERMS DATA FOR PRE-ENACTMENT AND TRANSITION SWAPS

AUTHORITY: Title VII, sections 723 and 729, Pub. L. 111–203, 124 Stat. 1738.

SOURCE: 77 FR 35226, June 12, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

§ 46.1 Definitions.

Terms used in this part are defined as follows:

Asset class means the broad category of goods, services or commodities, including any "excluded commodity" as defined in CEA section 1a(19), with common characteristics underlying a swap. The asset classes include credit, equity, foreign exchange (excluding cross-currency), interest rate (including cross-currency), other commodity, and such other asset classes as may be determined by the Commission.

Compliance date means the applicable date, as specified in part 45 of this chapter, on which a registered entity or swap counterparty subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission is required to commence full compliance with all provisions of this part and with all applicable provisions of part 45 of this chapter, as set forth in the preamble to this part.

Confirmation (confirming) means the consummation (electronically or otherwise) of legally binding documentation

(electronic or otherwise) that memorializes the agreement of the parties to all terms of a swap. A confirmation must be in writing (whether electronic or otherwise) and must legally supersede any previous agreement (electronically or otherwise).

Confirmation data means all of the terms of a swap matched and agreed upon by the counterparties in confirming the swap.

Credit swap means any swap that is primarily based on instruments of indebtedness, including, without limitation: any swap primarily based on one or more broad-based indices related to instruments of indebtedness; and any swap that is an index credit swap or total return swap on one or more indices of debt instruments.

Electronic reporting ("report electronically") means the reporting of data normalized in data fields as required by the data standard or standards used by the swap data repository to which the data is reported. Except where specifically otherwise provided in this chapter, electronic reporting does not include submission of an image of a document or text file.

Equity swap means any swap that is primarily based on equity securities, including, without limitation: any swap primarily based on one or more broad-based indices of equity securities; and any total return swap on one or more equity indices.

Financial entity has the meaning set forth in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C).

Foreign exchange forward has the meaning set forth in CEA section 1a(24).

Foreign exchange instrument means an instrument that is both defined as a swap in part 1 of this chapter and included in the foreign exchange asset class. Instruments in the foreign exchange asset class include: any currency option, foreign currency option, foreign exchange option, or foreign exchange rate option; any foreign exchange forward as defined in CEA section 1a(24); any foreign exchange swap as defined in CEA section 1a(25); and any non-deliverable forward involving foreign exchange.

Foreign exchange swap has the meaning set forth in CEA section 1a(25). It does not include swaps primarily based

on rates of exchange between different currencies, changes in such rates, or other aspects of such rates (sometimes known as "cross-currency swaps").

Interest rate swap means any swap which is primarily based on one or more interest rates, such as swaps of payments determined by fixed and floating interest rates; or any swap which is primarily based on rates of exchange between different currencies, changes in such rates, or other aspects of such rates (sometimes known as "cross-currency swaps").

International swap means a swap required by U.S. law and the law of another jurisdiction to be reported both to a swap data repository and to a different trade repository registered with the other jurisdiction.

Major swap participant has the meaning set forth in CEA section 1a(33) and in part 1 of this chapter.

Minimum primary economic terms means, with respect to a historical swap, the terms included in the list of minimum primary economic terms for swaps in each swap asset class found in appendix 1 to this part.

Minimum primary economic terms data means all of the data elements necessary to fully report all of the minimum primary economic terms required by this part to be reported for a swap in the swap asset class of the swap in question.

Mixed swap has the meaning set forth in CEA section 1a(47)(D), and refers to an instrument that is in part a swap subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, and in part a security-based swap subject to the jurisdiction of the SEC.

Multi-asset swap means a swap that does not have one easily identifiable primary underlying notional item, but instead involves multiple underlying notional items within the Commission's jurisdiction that belong to different asset classes.

Non-SD/MSP counterparty means a swap counterparty that is neither a swap dealer nor a major swap participant.

Other commodity swap means any swap not included in the credit, equity, foreign exchange, or interest rate asset classes, including, without limitation, any swap for which the primary under-

lying item is a physical commodity or the price or any other aspect of a physical commodity.

Pre-enactment swap means any swap entered into prior to enactment of the Dodd-Frank Act of 2010 (July 21, 2010), the terms of which have not expired as of the date of enactment of that Act.

Reporting counterparty means the counterparty required to report swap data pursuant to this part, selected as provided in §46.5.

Required swap continuation data means all of the data elements that must be reported during the existence of a swap as required by part 45 of this chapter.

Swap data repository has the meaning set forth in CEA section 1a(48), and in part 49 of this chapter.

Swap dealer has the meaning set forth in CEA section 1a(49), and in part 1 of this chapter.

Transition swap means any swap entered into on or after the enactment of the Dodd-Frank Act of 2010 (July 21, 2010) and prior to the applicable compliance date on which a registered entity or swap counterparty subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission is required to commence full compliance with all provisions of this part, as set forth in the preamble to this part.

§ 46.2 Recordkeeping for pre-enactment swaps and transition swaps.

- (a) Recordkeeping for pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011. Each counterparty subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission that is a counterparty to any pre-enactment swap or transition swap that is in existence on or after April 25, 2011 shall keep the following records concerning each such swap:
- (1) Minimum records required. Each counterparty shall keep records of all of the minimum primary economic terms data specified in appendix 1 to this part.
- (2) Additional records required to be kept if possessed by a counterparty. In addition to the minimum records required pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of this part, a counterparty that is in possession at any time on or after April 25, 2011 of any of the following documentation shall keep copies thereof:

- (i) Any confirmation of the swap executed by the counterparties.
- (ii) Any master agreement governing the swap, and any modification or amendment thereof.
- (iii) Any credit support agreement, or other agreement between the counterparties having the same function as a credit support agreement, relating to the swap, and any modification or amendment thereof.
- (3) Records created or available after the compliance date. In addition to the records required to be kept pursuant to paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section, each counterparty to any pre-enactment swap or transition swap that remains in existence on the compliance date shall keep for each such swap, from the compliance date forward, all of the records required to be kept by section 45.2 of this chapter, to the extent that any such records are created by or become available to the counterparty on or after the compliance date.
- (4) Retention form. Records required to be kept pursuant to this section with respect to historical swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011, must be kept as required by paragraph (a)(4)(i) or (ii) of this section, as applicable.
- (i) Records required to be kept by swap dealers or major swap participants may be kept in electronic form, or kept in paper form if originally created and exclusively maintained in paper form, so long as they are retrievable, and information in them is reportable as required by this part.
- (ii) Records required to be kept by non-SD/MSP counterparties may be kept in either electronic or paper form, so long as they are retrievable, and information in them is reportable, as required by this part.
- (b) Recordkeeping for pre-enactment and transition swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011. Each counterparty subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission that is a counterparty to any pre-enactment swap or transition swap that is expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011 shall keep the following records concerning each such swap:
- (1) Pre-enactment swaps expired prior to April 25, 2011. Each counterparty to any

- pre-enactment swap that expired or was terminated prior to April 25, 2011 shall retain the information and documents relating to the terms of the transaction that were possessed by the counterparty on or after October 14, 2010 (17 CFR 44.00 through 44.02). Such information may be retained in the format in which it existed on or after October 14, 2010, or in such other format as the counterparty chooses to retain it. This paragraph (b)(1) does not require the counterparty to create or retain records of information not in its possession on or after October 14, 2010. or to alter the format, i.e., the method by which the information is organized and stored.
- (2) Transition swaps expired prior to April 25, 2011. Each counterparty to any transition swap that expired or was terminated prior to April 25, 2011 shall retain the information and documents relating to the terms of the transaction that were possessed by the counterparty on or after December 17, 2010 (17 CFR 44.03). Such information may be retained in the format in which it existed on or after December 17, 2010, or in such other format as the counterparty chooses to retain it. This paragraph (b)(2) does not require the counterparty to create or retain records of information not in its possession on or after December 17, 2010, or to alter the format, i.e., the method by which the information is organized and stored.
- (c) Retention period. All records required to be kept by this section shall be kept from the applicable dates specified in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section through the life of the swap, and for a period of at least five years from the final termination of the swap.
- (d) *Retrieval*. Records required to be kept pursuant to this section shall be retrievable as follows.
- (1) Retrieval for pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011. Records concerning pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011, shall be retrievable as follows:
- (i) Each record required to be kept by a counterparty that is a swap dealer or major swap participant shall be readily accessible via real time electronic access by the counterparty throughout

the life of the swap and for two years following the final termination of the swap, and shall be retrievable by the registrant or its affiliates within three business days through the remainder of the period following final termination of the swap during which it is required to be kept.

- (ii) Each record required to be kept by a non-SD/MSP counterparty shall be retrievable by the counterparty within five business days throughout the period during which it is required to be kept.
- (2) Retrieval for pre-enactment and transition swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011. Records concerning pre-enactment and transition swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011, shall be retrievable by the counterparty within five business days throughout the period during which they are required to be kept.
- (e) Inspection. All records required to be kept pursuant to this section by any registrant or its affiliates or by any counterparty subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission shall be open to inspection upon request by any representative of the Commission, the United States Department of Justice, or the Securities and Exchange Commission, or by any representative of a prudential regulator as authorized by the Commission. Copies of all such records shall be provided, at the expense of the entity or person required to keep the record, to any representative of the Commission upon request. With respect to historical swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011, copies of records required to be kept by any swap dealer or major swap participant shall be provided either by electronic means, in hard copy, or both, as requested by the Commission, with the sole exception that copies of records originally created and exclusively maintained in paper form may be provided in hard copy only; and copies of records required to be kept by any non-SD/MSP counterparty shall be provided in the form, whether electronic or paper, in which the records are kept. With respect to historical swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011, records shall be provided in the form, whether electronic or paper, in which the records are kept.

§ 46.3 Swap data reporting for pre-enactment swaps and transition swaps.

- (a) Reporting for pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011—(1) Initial data report. For each pre-enactment swap or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, the reporting counterparty shall report electronically to a swap data repository (or to the Commission if no swap data repository for swaps in the asset class in question is available), on the compliance date, the following:
- (i) All of the minimum primary economic terms data specified in appendix 1 to this part that were in the possession of the reporting counterparty on or after April 25, 2011;
- (ii) The legal entity identifier of the reporting counterparty required pursuant to §46.4; and
- (iii) The following additional identifiers:
- (A) The internal counterparty identifier or legal entity identifier used by the reporting counterparty to identify the non-reporting counterparty; and
- (B) The internal transaction identifier used by the reporting counterparty to identify the swap.
- (2) Reporting of required swap continuation data. (i) For each uncleared preenactment or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, throughout the existence of the swap following the compliance date, the reporting counterparty must report all required swap continuation data required to be reported pursuant to part 45 of this chapter, with the exception that when counterparty reports reporting changes to minimum primary economic terms for a pre-enactment or swap, the reporting counterparty is required to report only changes to the minimum primary economic terms listed in appendix 1 to this part and reported in the initial data report made pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of this section, rather than changes to all minimum primary economic terms listed in appendix 1 to part 45
- (ii) Swap continuation data reporting is not required for a pre-enactment or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, that has been cleared by a designated clearing organization.

- (3) Data reporting for multi-asset swaps and mixed swaps. (i) For each pre-enactment or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, that is a multi-asset swap, all data required to be reported by this part shall be reported to a single swap data repository that accepts swaps in the asset class treated as the primary asset class involved in the swap by the reporting counterparty making the first report of required swap creation data pursuant to this section.
- (ii) For each pre-enactment or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, that is a mixed swap, all data required to be reported pursuant to this part shall be reported to a swap data repository registered with the Commission and to a security-based swap data repository registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This requirement may be satisfied by reporting the mixed swap to a swap data repository or security-based swap data repository registered with both Commissions.
- (b) Reporting for pre-enactment and transition swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011—(1) Pre-enactment swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011. For each pre-enactment swap which expired or was terminated prior to April 25, 2011, the reporting counterparty shall report to a swap data repository (or to the Commission if no swap data repository for swaps in the asset class in question is available), on the compliance date, such information relating to the terms of the transaction as was in the reporting counterparty's possession on or after October 14, 2010 (17 CFR 44.00 through 44.02). This information may be reported via any method selected by the reporting counterparty.
- (2) Transition swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011. For each transition swap which expired or was terminated prior to April 25, 2011, the reporting counterparty shall report to a swap data repository (or to the Commission if no swap data repository for swaps in the asset class in question is available), on the compliance date, such information relating to the terms of the transaction as was in the reporting counterparty's possession on or after December 17, 2010 (17 CFR 44.03).

This information may be reported via any method selected by the reporting counterparty.

- (c) Voluntary early submission of initial data report. For all pre-enactment and transition swaps required to be reported pursuant to this part, the reporting counterparty may make the initial data report required by paragraph (a)(1) of this section, or the data report required by paragraph (b) of this section, prior to the applicable compliance date, if a swap data repository accepting swaps in the asset class in question is prepared to accept the report. The obligation to report continuation data as required by paragraph (a)(2) of this section with respect to a swap for which a voluntary early submission is made commences on the applicable compliance date. However, the reporting counterparty may submit continuation data at any time after a voluntary early submission made pursuant to this paragraph, if the swap data repository is prepared to accept such continuation data, and if that repository has registered with the Commission as a swap data repository as of the applicable compliance date.
- (d) Non-duplication of previous reporting. If the reporting counterparty for a pre-enactment or transition swap has reported any of the information required as paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section to a trade repository prior to the compliance date, and if as of the compliance date that repository has registered with the Commission as a swap data repository, then:
- (1) The counterparty shall not be required to report such previously reported information to the swap data repository again:
- (2) The counterparty shall be required to report to the swap data repository on the compliance date any information required as part of the initial data report by paragraph (a) of this section that has not been reported prior to the compliance date: and
- (3) In the case of pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011, the initial data report required by paragraph (a) of this section and all subsequent data reporting concerning the swap shall be made to the same swap data repository to which data concerning the swap was

first reported prior to the compliance date (or to its successor in the event that it ceases to operate, as provided in part 49 of this chapter).

§ 46.4 Unique identifiers.

The unique identifier requirements for swap data reporting with respect to pre-enactment or transition swaps shall be as follows:

(a) By the compliance date, the reporting counterparty (as defined by part 45 of this chapter) for each pre-enactment or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, for which an initial data report is required by this part 46, shall obtain for itself a legal entity identifier as provided in §45.6 of this chapter (or if the Commission has not yet designated a legal entity identifier system, a substitute counterparty identifier as provided in §45.6(f) of this chapter), and shall include its own legal entity identifier (or substitute counterparty identifier) in the initial data report concerning the swap. With respect to the legal entity identifier (or substitute counterparty identifier) of the reporting counterparty, the reporting counterparty and the swap data repository to which the swap is reported shall comply thereafter with all unique identifier requirements of §45.6 of this chapter.

(b) Within 180 days after the compliance date, $_{
m the}$ non-reporting counterparty for each pre-enactment or transition swap in existence on or after April 25, 2011, for which an initial data report is required by this part 46, shall obtain a legal entity identifier as provided in §45.6 of this chapter (or if the Commission has not yet designated a legal entity identifier system, a substitute counterparty identifier as provided in §45.6(f) of this chapter), and shall provide its legal entity identifier (or substitute counterparty identifier) to the reporting counterparty. Upon receipt of the non-reporting counterparty's legal entity identifier (or substitute counterparty identifier), the reporting counterparty shall provide it to the swap data repository to which swap data for the swap was reported. Thereafter, with respect to the legal identifier (or substitute counterparty identifier) of the non-reporting counterparty, the counterparties to the swap and the swap data repository to which it is reported shall comply with all requirements of §45.6 of this chapter.

- (c) The legal entity identifier requirements of parts 46 and 45 of this chapter shall not apply to pre-enactment or transition swaps expired or terminated prior to April 25, 2011.
- (d) The unique swap identifier and unique product identifier requirements of part 45 of this chapter shall not apply to pre-enactment or transition swaps.

§ 46.5 Determination of which counterparty must report.

- (a) Determination of which counterparty must report swap data concerning each pre-enactment or transition swap shall be made as follows:
- (1) If only one counterparty is a swap dealer, the swap dealer shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.
- (2) If neither party is an swap dealer, and only one counterparty is an major swap participant, the major swap participant shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.
- (3) If both counterparties are non-SD/MSP counterparties, and only one counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C), the counterparty that is a financial entity shall be the reporting counterparty.
- (4) For each pre-enactment swap or transition swap for which both counterparties are swap dealers, or both counterparties are major swap participants, or both counterparties are non-SD/MSP counterparties that are financial entities as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C), or both counterparties are non-SD/MSP counterparties and neither counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C), the counterparties shall agree which counterparty shall fulfill reporting obligations with respect to that swap; and the counterparty so selected shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, for pre-enactment or transition swaps for which both counterparties are non-SD/MSP counterparties, if

only one counterparty is a U.S. person, that counterparty shall be the reporting counterparty and shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.

- (b) For pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence as of the compliance date, determination of the reporting counterparty shall be made by applying the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section with respect to the current counterparties to the swap as of the compliance date, regardless of whether either or both were original counterparties to the swap when it was first executed.
- (c) For pre-enactment and transition swaps for which reporting is required, but which have expired or been terminated prior to the compliance date, deof termination the reporting counterparty shall be made by applying the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section to the counterparties to the swap as of the date of its expiration or termination (except for determination of a counterparty's status as an SD or MSP, which shall be made as of the compliance date), regardless of whether either or both were original counterparties to the swap when it was first executed.
- (d) After the initial report required by §46.3 is made, if a reporting counterparty selected pursuant to this section ceases to be a counterparty to a swap due to an assignment or novation, the reporting counterparty for reporting of required swap continuation data following the assignment or novation shall be selected from the two current counterparties as provided in paragraphs (d)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (1) If only one counterparty is a swap dealer, the swap dealer shall be the reporting counterparty and shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.
- (2) If neither counterparty is a swap dealer, and only one counterparty is a major swap participant, the major swap participant shall be the reporting counterparty and shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.
- (3) If both counterparties are non-SD/MSP counterparties, and only one counterparty is a U.S. person, that counterparty shall be the reporting counterparty and shall fulfill all counterparty reporting obligations.

(4) In all other cases, the counterparty that replaced the previous reporting counterparty by reason of the assignment or novation shall be the reporting counterparty, unless otherwise agreed by the counterparties.

§ 46.6 Third-party facilitation of data reporting.

Counterparties required by this part 46 to report swap data for any pre-enactment or transition swap, while remaining fully responsible for reporting as required by this part 46, may contract with third-party service providers to facilitate reporting.

§46.7 Reporting to a single swap data repository.

All data reported for each pre-enactment or transition swap pursuant to this part 46, and all corrections of errors and omissions in previously reported data for the swap, shall be reported to the same swap data repository to which the initial data report concerning the swap is made (or to its successor in the event that it ceases to operate, as provided in part 49 of this chapter).

§ 46.8 Data reporting for swaps in a swap asset class not accepted by any swap data repository.

- (a) Should there be a swap asset class for which no swap data repository registered with the Commission currently accepts swap data, each registered entity or counterparty required by this part to report any required swap creation data or required swap continuation data with respect to a swap in that asset class must report that same data to the Commission.
- (b) Data reported to the Commission pursuant to this section shall be reported at times announced by the Commission. Data reported to the Commission pursuant to this section with respect to pre-enactment and transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011 shall be reported in an electronic format acceptable to the Commission.
- (c) Delegation of authority to the Chief Information Officer: The Commission hereby delegates to its Chief Information Officer, until the Commission orders otherwise, the authority

set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, to be exercised by the Chief Information Officer or by such other employee or employees of the Commission as may be designated from time to time by the Chief Information Officer. The Chief Information Officer may submit to the Commission for its consideration any matter which has been delegated in this paragraph. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits the Commission, at its election, from exercising the authority delegated in this paragraph. The authority delegated to the Chief Information Officer by paragraph (c) of this section shall include:

- (1) With respect to all pre-enactment and transition swaps required to be reported by this part, the authority to determine the dates and times at which data concerning such swaps shall be reported pursuant to this part.
- (2) With respect to all pre-enactment swaps or transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011:
- (i) The authority to determine the manner, format, coding structure, and electronic data transmission standards and procedures acceptable to the Commission for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section; and
- (ii) The authority to determine whether the Commission may permit or require use by reporting entities or counterparties in reporting pre-enactment or transition swaps in existence on or after April 25, 2011, of one or more particular data standards (such as FIX, FpML, ISO 20022, or some other standard), in order to accommodate the needs of different communities of users.
- (d) The Chief Information Officer shall publish from time to time in the FEDERAL REGISTER and on the Web site of the Commission the dates and times, format, data schema, and electronic data transmission methods and procedures for reporting acceptable to the Commission with respect to swap data reporting pursuant to this section.

§ 46.9 Voluntary supplemental reporting.

(a) For purposes of this section, the term *voluntary*, *supplemental report* means any report of swap data for a pre-enactment or transition swap to a swap data repository that is not re-

quired to be made pursuant to this part or any other part in this chapter.

- (b) A voluntary, supplemental report for a pre-enactment or transition swap may be made only by a counterparty to the swap in connection with which the voluntary, supplemental report is made, or by a third-party service provider acting on behalf of a counterparty to the swap.
- (c) A voluntary, supplemental report for a pre-enactment or transition swap may be made only after the initial data report for the swap required by section 46.3(a) or the report required by section 46.3(b), as applicable, has been made.
- (d) A voluntary, supplemental report for a pre-enactment or transition swap may be made either to the swap data repository to which the initial data report for the swap required by section 46.3(a) or the report required by section 46.3(b), as applicable, has been made, or to a different swap data repository.
- (e) A voluntary, supplemental report for a pre-enactment or transition swap must contain:
- (1) An indication that the report is a voluntary, supplemental report.
- (2) The swap data repository identifier created for the swap by the automated systems of the swap data repository to which the initial data report required by section 46.3(a) or the report required by section 46.3(b), as applicable, has been made.
- (3) An indication of the identity of the swap data repository to which the initial data report required by section 46.3(a) or the report required by section 46.3(b), as applicable, has been made, if the voluntary supplemental report is made to a different swap data repository.
- (4) If the pre-enactment or transition swap was in existence on or after April 25, 2011, the legal entity identifier (or substitute identifier) of the counterparty making the voluntary, supplemental report.
- (5) If applicable, an indication that the voluntary, supplemental report is made pursuant to the laws or regulations of any jurisdiction outside the United States.
- (f) If a counterparty that has made a voluntary, supplemental report discovers any errors in the swap data included in the voluntary, supplemental

report, the counterparty must report a correction of each such error to the swap data repository to which the voluntary, supplemental report was made, as soon as technologically practicable after discovery of any such error.

§46.10 Required data standards.

In reporting swap data to a swap data repository as required by this part 46, each reporting counterparty shall use the facilities, methods, or data standards provided or required by the swap data repository to which counterparty reports the data.

§ 46.11 Reporting of errors and omissions in previously reported data.

(a) Each swap counterparty required by this part 46 to report swap data shall report any errors and omissions in the data so reported. Corrections of errors or omissions shall be reported as soon as technologically practicable after discovery of any such error or omission.

(b) For pre-enactment or transition swaps for which this part requires reporting of continuation data, reporting counterparties reporting state data as provided in part 45 of this chapter may fulfill the requirement to report errors or omissions by making appropriate corrections in their next daily report of state data pursuant to part 45 of this chapter.

(c) Each counterparty to a pre-enactment or transition swap that is not the reporting counterparty as determined pursuant to \$46.5, and that discovers any error or omission with respect to any swap data reported to a swap data repository for that swap, shall promptly notify the reporting counterparty of each such error or omission. As soon as technologically practicable after receiving such notice, the reporting counterparty shall report a correction of each such error or omission to the swap data repository.

(d) Each swap counterparty reporting corrections to errors or omissions in data previously reported as required by this part shall report such corrections in the same format as it reported the erroneous or omitted data.

APPENDIX 1 TO PART 46—TABLES OF MINIMUM PRIMARY ECONOMIC TERMS DATA FOR PRE-ENACTMENT AND TRANSITION SWAPS

EXHIBIT A Minimum Primary Economic Terms Data For Pre-Enactment And Transition Swaps CREDIT SWAPS AND EQUITY SWAPS	
	hat are not applicable)
Data categories and fields	Comment
The Legal Entity Identifier of the reporting counterparty	As provided in § 45.6. If no CFTC-designated Legal Entity Identifier for the reporting counterparty is yet available, enter the internal identifier for the reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository. If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No
If the reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a U.S. person.	Yes/No
The Legal Entity Identifier of the non-reporting party	As provided in § 46.4. This information is only required 180 days after the applicable compliance date
If no CFTC-approved Legal Entity Identifier for the non-reporting counterparty is yet available, the internal identifier for the non-reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository	If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No
If the non-reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No

An indication of whether the non-reporting	Yes/No
counterparty is a U.S. person.	
An indication that the swap is a multi-asset swap	Field values: Yes, Not applicable
For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the	Generally, the asset class traded by the desk trading
primary asset class	the swap for the reporting counterparty. Field
	values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other commodity
For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the	Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other
secondary asset class(es)	commodity
An indication that the swap is a mixed swap	Field values: Yes, Not applicable
For a mixed swap reported to two non-dually-	
registered swap data repositories, the identity of the	
other swap data repository (if any) to which the	
swap is or will be reported	
An indication of the counterparty purchasing	Field values: LEI if available, or substitute
protection	identifier as above if LEI is not yet available
An indication of the counterparty selling protection	Field values: LEI if available, or substitute
7.6 2.11 2.61 4.6	identifier as above if LEI is not yet available
Information identifying the reference entity	The entity that is the subject of the protection being
	purchased and sold in the swap. Field values: LEI
	if available, or substitute identifier as above if LEI
	is not yet available, or name
Contract type	E.g., swap, swaption, forward, option, basis swap,
Etiti	index swap, basket swap The date of the trade. If the time of the trade was
Execution timestamp	recorded when the trade was executed and is
	known to the reporting counterparty, also include the time of the trade
Execution venue	The venue on or pursuant to the rules of which the
Execution venue	swap was executed. Field values: name or
	identifier (if available) of the venue, or "off-
	facility" if not so executed
Start date	The date on which the swap starts or goes into
Start date	effect
Maturity, termination or end date	The date on which the swap expires
The price	E.g., strike price, initial price, spread
The notional amount, and the currency in which the	23.5., surke price, minus price, spread
notional amount is expressed	
The amount and currency (or currencies) of any up-	
front payment	
Payment frequency of the reporting counterparty	A description of the payment stream of the
- =	reporting counterparty, e.g., coupon
Payment frequency of the non-reporting	A description of the payment stream of the non-
counterparty	reporting counterparty, e.g., coupon
Clearing indicator	Yes/No indication of whether the swap was or will
	be cleared by a derivatives clearing organization
Clearing venue	If the swap was or will be cleared, the identifier (if
3	available) or name of the derivatives clearing
	organization
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Minimum Primary Economic Terms Data For Pre-Enactment And Transition Swaps FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (OTHER THAN CROSS-CURRENCY SWAPS)			
			hat are not applicable)
		Data fields	Comments
The Legal Entity Identifier of the reporting	As provided in § 45.6. If no CFTC-designated		
counterparty	Legal Entity Identifier for the reporting counterparty is yet available, enter the internal identifier for the reporting counterparty used by the		
	swap data repository. If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier		
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No		
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No		
If the reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No		
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a U.S. person	Yes/No		
The Legal Entity Identifier of the non-reporting party	As provided in § 46.4. This information is only required 180 days after the applicable compliance date		
If no CFTC-approved Legal Entity Identifier for the non-reporting counterparty is yet available, the internal identifier for the non-reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository	If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier		
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No		
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No		
If the non-reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No		
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a U.S. person.	Yes/No		
An indication that the swap is a multi-asset swap	Field values: Yes, Not applicable		
For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the primary asset class	Generally, the asset class traded by the desk trading the swap for the reporting counterparty. Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other commodity		

For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the	Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other
secondary asset class(es)	commodity
An indication that the swap is a mixed swap	Field values: Yes, Not applicable
For a mixed swap reported to two non-dually- registered swap data repositories, the identity of the other swap data repository (if any) to which the swap is or will be reported	
Contract type	E.g., forward, non-deliverable forward (NDF), non-deliverable option (NDO), vanilla option, simple exotic option, complex exotic option
Execution timestamp	The date of the trade. If the time of the trade was recorded when the trade was executed and is known to the reporting counterparty, also include the time of the trade
Execution venue	The venue on or pursuant to the rules of which the swap was executed. Field values: name or identifier (if available) of the venue, or "off-facility" if not so executed
Currency 1	ISO code
Currency 2	ISO code
Notional amount 1	For currency 1
Notional amount 2	For currency 2
Exchange rate	Contractual rate of exchange of the currencies
Delivery type	Physical (deliverable) or cash (non-deliverable)
Settlement or expiration date	Settlement date, or for an option the contract expiration date
Clearing indicator	Yes/No indication of whether the swap was or will be cleared by a derivatives clearing organization
Clearing venue	If the swap was or will be cleared, the identifier (if available) or name of the derivatives clearing organization

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Minimum Primary Economic Terms Data For Pre-Enactment And Transition Swaps INTEREST RATE SWAPS (INCLUDING CROSS-CURRENCY SWAPS)	
Data field (Enter N/A for fields t	that are not applicable) Comment
The Legal Entity Identifier of the reporting counterparty	As provided in § 45.6. If no CFTC-designated Legal Entity Identifier for the reporting counterparty is yet available, enter the internal identifier for the reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository. If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No
If the reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a U.S. person.	Yes/No
The Legal Entity Identifier of the non-reporting counterparty	As provided in § 46.4. This information is only required 180 days after the applicable compliance date
If no CFTC-approved Legal Entity Identifier for the non-reporting counterparty is yet available, the internal identifier for the non-reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository	If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No
If the non-reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a U.S. person.	Yes/No
An indication that the swap is a multi-asset swap For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the primary asset class	Field values: Yes, Not applicable Generally, the asset class traded by the desk trading the swap for the reporting counterparty. Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other commodity
For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the secondary asset class(es)	Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other commodity

An indication that the swap is a mixed swap	Field values: Yes, Not applicable
For a mixed swap reported to two non-dually-	
registered swap data repositories, the identity of the	
other swap data repository (if any) to which the	
swap is or will be reported	
Contract type	E.g., swap, swaption, option, basis swap, index swap
Execution timestamp	The date of the trade. If the time of the trade was recorded when the trade was executed and is known to the reporting counterparty, also include the time of the trade
Execution venue	The venue on or pursuant to the rules of which the
	swap was executed. Field values: name or
	identifier (if available) of the venue, or "off-
	facility" if not so executed
Start date	The date on which the swap starts or goes into
	effect
Maturity, termination or end date	The date on which the swap expires or ends
Day count convention	
Notional amount (leg 1)	The current active notional amount
Notional currency (leg 1)	ISO code
Notional amount (leg 2)	The current active notional amount
Notional currency (leg 2)	ISO code
Payer (fixed rate)	Is the reporting party a fixed rate payer? Yes/No/Not applicable
Payer (floating rate leg 1)	If two floating legs, the payer for leg 1
Payer (floating rate leg 2)	If two floating legs, the payer for leg 2
Direction	For swaps: whether the principal is paying or
	receiving the fixed rate. For float-to-float and
	fixed-to-fixed swaps: indicate N/A.
	For non-swap instruments and swaptions: indicate
	the instrument that was bought or sold.
Option type	E.g., put, call, straddle
Fixed rate	
Fixed rate day count fraction	<u>E.g.</u> , actual 360
Floating rate payment frequency	
Floating rate reset frequency	
Floating rate index name/rate period	E.g., USD-Libor-BBA
Clearing indicator	Yes/No indication of whether the swap was or will
	be cleared by a derivatives clearing organization
Clearing venue	Identifier (if available) or name of the derivatives
	clearing organization

EXHIBIT D Minimum Primary Economic Terms Data For Pre-Enactment And Transition Swaps OTHER COMMODITY SWAPS	
	that are not applicable)
Data field	Comment
The Legal Entity Identifier of the reporting counterparty	As provided in § 45.6. If no CFTC-designated Legal Entity Identifier for the reporting counterparty is yet available, enter the internal identifier for the reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository. If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No
If the reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the reporting counterparty* is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No
An indication of whether the reporting counterparty is a U.S. person.	Yes/No
The Legal Entity Identifier of the non-reporting party	As provided in § 46.4. This information is only required 180 days after the applicable compliance date
If no CFTC-approved Legal Entity Identifier for the non-reporting counterparty is yet available, the internal identifier for the non-reporting counterparty used by the swap data repository	If no repository identifier yet exists, the repository fills in this field after creating its identifier
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a swap dealer with respect to the swap	Yes/No
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a major swap participant with respect to the swap	Yes/No
If the non-reporting counterparty is not a swap dealer or a major swap participant with respect to the swap, an indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a financial entity as defined in CEA section 2(h)(7)(C)	Yes/No
An indication of whether the non-reporting counterparty is a U.S. person.	Yes/No
An indication that the swap is a multi-asset swap For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the primary asset class	Field values: Yes, Not applicable Generally, the asset class traded by the desk trading the swap for the reporting counterparty. Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other commodity
For a multi-asset class swap, an indication of the secondary asset class(es)	Field values: credit, equity, FX, rates, other commodity

An indication that the swap is a mixed swap	Field values: Yes, Not applicable
For a mixed swap reported to two non-dually- registered swap data repositories, the identity of the	Tiota values. Test, For appreciate
other swap data repository (if any) to which the swap is or will be reported	
Contract type	E.g., swap, swaption, option, basis swap, index swap
Execution timestamp	The date of the trade. If the time of the trade was recorded when the trade was executed and is known to the reporting counterparty, also include the time of the trade
Execution venue	The venue on or pursuant to the rules of which the swap was executed. Field values: name or identifier (if available) of the venue, or "off-facility" if not so executed
Start date	The date on which the swap commences or goes into effect (e.g., in physical oil, the pricing start date)
Maturity, termination, or end date	The date on which the swap expires or ends (e.g., in physical oil, the pricing end date)
Buyer	The counterparty purchasing the product: e.g., the payer of the fixed price (for a swap), or the payer of the floating price on the underlying swap (for a put swaption), or the payer of the fixed price on the underlying swap (for a call swaption). Field values: LEI if available, or substitute identifier as above if LEI is not yet available
Seller	The counterparty offering the product: e.g., the payer of the floating price (for a swap), the payer of the fixed price on the underlying swap (for a put swaption), or the payer of the floating price on the underlying swap (for a call swaption). Field values: LEI if available, or substitute identifier as above if LEI is not yet available
Quantity unit	The unit of measure applicable for the quantity on the swap. <u>E.g.</u> , barrels, bushels, gallons, pounds, tons
Quantity	The amount of the commodity (the number of quantity units) quoted on the swap
Quantity frequency	The rate at which the quantity is quoted on the swap. E.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly
Total quantity	The quantity of the commodity for the entire term of the swap
Settlement method	Physical delivery or cash
Price	The price of the swap. For options, the strike price
Price unit	The unit of measure applicable for the price of the swap
Price currency	ISO code

Buyer pay index	The published price as paid by the buyer (if applicable). For swaptions, applies to the
	underlying swap
Buyer pay averaging method	The averaging method used to calculate the index
	of the buyer pay index. For swaptions, applies to
	the underlying swap
Seller pay index	The published price as paid by the seller (if
	applicable). For swaptions, applies to the
	underlying swap
Seller pay averaging method	The averaging method used to calculate the index
	of the seller pay index. For swaptions, applies to
	the underlying swap
Grade	If applicable, the grade of the commodity to be
	delivered, e.g., the grade of oil or refined product
Option type	Descriptor for the type of option transaction. E.g.,
-L AL-	put, call, straddle
Option style	E.g., American, European, European Daily,
- F 7	European Monthly, Asian
Option premium	The total amount paid by the option buyer
Hours from through	For electric power, the hours of the day for which
_	the swap is effective
Hours from through time zone	For electric power, the time zone prevailing for the
•	hours during which electricity is transmitted
Days of week	For electric power, the profile applicable for the
•	delivery of power
Load type	For electric power, the load profile for the delivery
	of power
Clearing indicator	Yes/No indication of whether the swap will be
C	cleared by a derivatives clearing organization
Clearing venue	Identifier (if available) or name of the derivatives
	clearing organization

PART 48—REGISTRATION OF FOREIGN BOARDS OF TRADE

Sec.

- 48.1 Scope.
- 48.2 Definitions.
- 48.3 Registration required.
- 48.4 Registration eligibility and scope.
- 48.5 Registration procedures.
- 48.6 Foreign boards of trade providing direct access pursuant to existing no-action relief.
- 48.7 Requirements for registration.
- 48.8 Conditions of registration.
- 48.9 Revocation of registration.
- 48.10 Additional contracts.

APPENDIX TO PART 48—FORM FBOT

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 5, 6 and 12a, unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 76 FR 80698, Dec. 23, 2011, unless otherwise noted.

§ 48.1 Scope.

The provisions of this part apply to any foreign board of trade that is reg-

istered, required to be registered, or applying to become registered with the Commission in order to provide its identified members or other participants located in the United States with direct access to its electronic trading and order matching system.

§ 48.2 Definitions.

For purposes of this part:

- (a) Foreign board of trade. Foreign board of trade means any board of trade, exchange or market located outside the United States, its territories or possessions, whether incorporated or unincorporated.
- (b) Foreign board of trade eligible to be registered. A foreign board of trade eligible to be registered means a foreign board of trade that satisfies the requirements for registration specified in §48.7 and:
- (1) Possesses the attributes of an established, organized exchange,